

**FundVantage Trust**  
**(the “Trust”)**

**Gotham Defensive Long 500 Fund**  
**(the “Fund”)**

**Supplement dated April 10, 2025 to the Fund’s Summary Prospectus, Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated February 1, 2025, as supplemented to date.**

*For all existing and prospective shareholders of the Gotham Defensive Long 500 Fund:*

- The Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of the Trust has approved the reorganization of the Fund with and into the Gotham Index Plus Fund (the “Acquiring Fund”), which is expected to occur on or about May 9, 2025 (the “Reorganization”).
- If you are an existing shareholder of the Fund, you will receive shares of the Acquiring Fund in exchange for your Fund shares upon the completion of the Reorganization. **No action is needed by you.**

On March 6, 2025, the Board of the Trust unanimously approved, on behalf of the Fund, the reorganization of the Fund into the Gotham Index Plus Fund. The Fund will continue to be managed by Gotham Asset Management, LLC (“Gotham” or the “Adviser”), the investment adviser for the Fund. The Board, including all of the Trustees who are not “interested persons” (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”)) of the Trust, determined that participation in the Reorganization is in the best interests of the Fund and that the interests of existing shareholders of the Fund will not be diluted as a result of the Reorganization.

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital appreciation, whereas the investment objective of the Acquiring Fund is to seek to outperform the S&P 500® Index over most annual periods. The Fund and the Acquiring Fund have the same portfolio managers and substantially similar investment strategies.

It is anticipated that the Reorganization will occur on or around May 9. Following the Reorganization, the Fund will be dissolved.

The Reorganization will be conducted pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the “Plan”). The Reorganization is expected to be treated as a tax-free reorganization under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a result, Fund shareholders generally will not recognize a taxable gain (or loss) for U.S. tax purposes as a result of the Reorganization.

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Upon completion of the Reorganization, you will hold Institutional Class shares of the Acquiring Fund with the same aggregate NAV as the Fund Institutional Class shares that you held immediately prior to the Reorganization.

Completion of the Reorganization is subject to a number of conditions under the Plan. The Reorganization does not require the consent of the shareholders of the Fund, and you are not being asked to vote on the Reorganization. Fund shareholders will receive a preliminary information statement/prospectus, which the Fund filed with the SEC on March 31, 2025, describing in detail both the Reorganization and a summary of the Board's considerations in approving the Reorganization.

In anticipation of the Reorganization, the Fund will be closed to new accounts beginning on April 17, 2025. Purchases, including exchange purchases, by existing shareholders will be accepted by the Fund until 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on April 17, 2025. Redemptions, including exchange redemptions, into shares of another Gotham Fund of the Trust will be accepted until 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on May 5, 2025. These dates may change if the closing date of the Reorganization changes.

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**In connection with the Reorganization discussed herein, a preliminary information statement/prospectus on Form N-14 was filed with the SEC on March 31, 2025. Investors are urged to read the materials and any other relevant documents when they become available because they will contain important information about the Reorganization. After they are filed, copies of the materials will be available for free on the SEC's web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). These materials also will be available at <https://www.gothamfunds.com/documents> and a paper copy can be obtained at no charge by calling (877) 974-6852.**

**This communication is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an offer to sell, nor a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities.**

**Please retain this Supplement with your records.**

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# GOTHAM DEFENSIVE LONG 500 FUND

A Series of FundVantage Trust

## Summary Prospectus – February 1, 2025

Class/Ticker: Institutional Class Shares (GDLFX)

**Click here to view the Fund's [Statutory Prospectus](#) or [Statement of Additional Information](#).**

*Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund including the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") and shareholder reports online at <https://www.gothamfunds.com/documents>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (877) 974-6852, by sending an email request to [info@gothamfunds.com](mailto:info@gothamfunds.com), or from any financial intermediary that offers shares of the Fund. The Fund's prospectus, dated February 1, 2025, and SAI, dated February 1, 2025, as amended from time to time, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.*

### Investment Objective

The Gotham Defensive Long 500 Fund (the "Fund") seeks long-term capital appreciation.

### Expenses and Fees

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

#### Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment):

	Institutional Class
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 30 days of purchase) . . . . .	1.00%

#### Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment):<sup>1</sup>

Management Fees. . . . .	1.35%
Distribution and/or Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees . . . . .	None
Other Expenses <sup>2,3</sup> . . . . .	0.85%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>3</sup></b> . . . . .	<b>2.20%</b>
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	(0.85)%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements<sup>3</sup></b> . . . . .	<b>1.35%</b>

<sup>1</sup> Effective December 12, 2024, the Fund's adviser discontinued the Fund's use of collateral received from swap counterparties for investment purposes. As a result of this change in policy, the Fund is no longer subject to the interest expense on collateral and has restated the "other expenses" line item in the table above to reflect current expenses.

<sup>2</sup> "Other Expenses" does not include direct or indirect costs associated with the swap(s) used by the Fund to obtain its long and short exposure. Costs associated with swaps include any fees paid to the swap counterparty, including on collateral delivered by the counterparty, and the costs associated with the underlying reference assets including dividend and interest expenses on securities sold short. Such costs have the effect of reducing the return of the swap(s). The Fund's performance is net of all such embedded swap fees and expenses.

<sup>3</sup> Gotham Asset Management, LLC ("Gotham" or the "Adviser") has contractually agreed to reduce its investment advisory fee and/or reimburse certain expenses of the Fund to the extent necessary to ensure that the Fund's total operating expenses (exclusive of taxes, "Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses," dividend and interest expense on securities sold short, interest, extraordinary items, and brokerage commissions), do not exceed 1.35% (on an annual basis) of average daily net assets of the Fund (the "Expense Limitation"). The Expense Limitation will remain in place until January 31, 2026, unless the Board of Trustees of FundVantage Trust (the "Trust") approves its earlier termination.

**Expense Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund's Institutional Class shares for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same (reflecting any contractual fee waivers). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Institutional Class . . . . .	\$137	\$606	\$1,102	\$2,467

**Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 182% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Summary of Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing under normal circumstances in long and short positions of equity and equity-related securities. The Fund invests primarily in U.S. common stocks of companies listed in the S&P 500® Index, but may invest in other large capitalization companies, generally selected from the largest 500 to 700 U.S. companies by market capitalization. It is anticipated that the Fund will hold several hundred positions.

The Fund generally takes long positions in securities that the Adviser believes to be undervalued and short positions in securities that the Adviser believes to be overvalued, based on the Adviser's analysis of the issuer's financial reports and market valuation.

The Adviser seeks to capitalize on pricing inefficiencies in the market by employing a systematic, bottom-up, valuation approach based on the Adviser's proprietary analytical framework to identify companies that appear to be undervalued or overvalued on both an absolute and relative basis. This approach consists of:

- Researching and analyzing each company in the Adviser's coverage universe according to a methodology that emphasizes fundamentals such as recurring earnings, cash flows, capital efficiency, capital structure, and valuation;
- Identifying and excluding companies that do not conform to the Adviser's valuation methodology or companies judged by the Adviser to have questionable financial reporting;
- Updating the analysis for earning releases, annual (Form 10-K) and quarterly (Form 10-Q) reports and other corporate filings; and
- Recording analysis in a centralized database enabling the Adviser to compare companies and identify longs and shorts based on the Adviser's assessment of value.

The long portion of the portfolio is generally weighted more heavily towards those stocks that are priced at a larger discount to the Adviser's assessment of value and the short portion is generally weighted more heavily towards those positions selling at the largest premium to the Adviser's measures of value, subject to pre-specified risk and diversification constraints. In constructing the portfolio the Adviser pursues a defensive investment style, meaning it seeks to mitigate downside risk in declining markets.

The Fund is rebalanced (generally daily) to maintain exposure levels, manage risk and reposition the portfolio to reflect earnings releases and other new information related to particular companies. The Adviser seeks to maintain the Fund's net exposure, which is the value of the Fund's long positions minus its short positions, in the range of approximately 70 – 100%, during normal market conditions. The Adviser expects that the Fund's gross exposure, which is the value of the Fund's long positions plus its short positions, will not exceed 290% under normal circumstances.

The Fund currently obtains its long exposure through direct investment in securities and through one or more swaps and its short exposure through one or more swaps. The Fund may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and other financial organizations meeting capital and other credit requirements or other criteria established by the Fund's Board of Trustees. Loans of portfolio securities will be collateralized by liquid securities and cash. The Fund may invest cash collateral received in securities consistent with its principal investment strategy. Because the Fund generally rebalances its long and short positions daily, the Fund will experience a high portfolio turnover rate.

## Summary of Principal Risks

The Fund is subject to the principal risks summarized below. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor and the relative significance of each risk below may change over time. These risks could adversely affect the Fund's net asset value ("NAV"), yield and total return. It is possible to lose money by investing in the Fund.

- **Equity Risk:** The Fund invests primarily in equity and equity-related securities. Equity and equity-related securities are subject to greater fluctuations in market value than certain other asset classes. Factors that could impact the market value include a company's business performance, investor perceptions, stock market trends and general economic conditions. The rights of equity holders are subordinate to all other claims on a company's assets, including debt holders. Equity ownership risks the loss of all or a substantial portion of the investment.
- **Market Risk:** The values of, and/or the income generated by, securities held by the Fund may decline due to factors that are specifically related to a particular company, as well as general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions, inflation rates and/or investor expectations concerning such rates, changes in interest rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. Securities markets are volatile and may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, regulatory, political, or economic developments. Different sectors of the market and different security types may react differently to such developments. Geopolitical events, including terrorism, tensions or open conflict between nations, or political or economic dysfunction within some nations that are global economic powers, may lead to instability in world economies and markets, may lead to increased market volatility, and may have adverse long-term effects. Events such as environmental and natural disasters, public health crises (such as epidemics and pandemics), social unrest, and cybersecurity incidents, and governments' reactions to such events, could cause uncertainty in the markets and may adversely affect the performance of the global economy.
- **Value Style Risk:** The Adviser buys securities, on behalf of the Fund, that it believes are undervalued. Investing in "value" stocks presents the risk that the stocks may never reach what the Adviser believes are their full market values, either because the market fails to recognize what the Adviser considers to be the companies' true business values or because the Adviser misjudges those values. In addition, value stocks may fall out of favor with investors and underperform other stocks (such as growth stocks) during given periods. Conversely, the Fund shorts securities the Adviser believes are overvalued. This presents the risk that a stock's value may not decrease to what the Adviser believes is its true market value because the market fails to recognize what the Adviser considers to be the company's value, because the Adviser misjudges that value or because the Adviser is required to purchase the security before its investment thesis could be realized.
- **Derivatives Risk:** The Fund obtains portfolio exposure through the use of swap(s) referenced to a basket of long and/or short equity security positions selected by the Adviser. In general, a derivative contract such as a swap typically involves leverage (i.e., it provides exposure to potential gain or loss from a change in the market price of a security or group of securities in a notional amount that exceeds the amount of cash or assets required to establish or maintain the derivative contract). Swap agreements can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value, and changes in the value of such instruments held by the Fund may not correlate with the underlying instrument or reference assets, or the Fund's other investments. Although the value of swap agreements depends largely upon price movements in the underlying instrument or reference asset, there are additional risks associated with swap agreements that are possibly greater than the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying instruments or reference assets, including illiquidity risk, leveraging risk and counterparty credit risk. Any swap will be based on a notional amount agreed upon by the Adviser and a counterparty. The Adviser will retain the ability to adjust the notional exposure of the swap(s) at its discretion, as well as the composition of the reference basket. Generally, the fees and expenses of a swap are based on the notional value of the swap. The value of the swap typically includes a deduction for fees of the counterparty as well as costs typically associated with short sales of securities, such as dividend and interest expenses. As a result, the Fund's return from such instrument

will be net of such costs and expenses and any will reduce the Fund's return on the swap. A small position in swap agreements could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance. Trading restrictions or limitations may be imposed by an exchange, and government regulations may restrict trading in swap agreements or any other derivative.

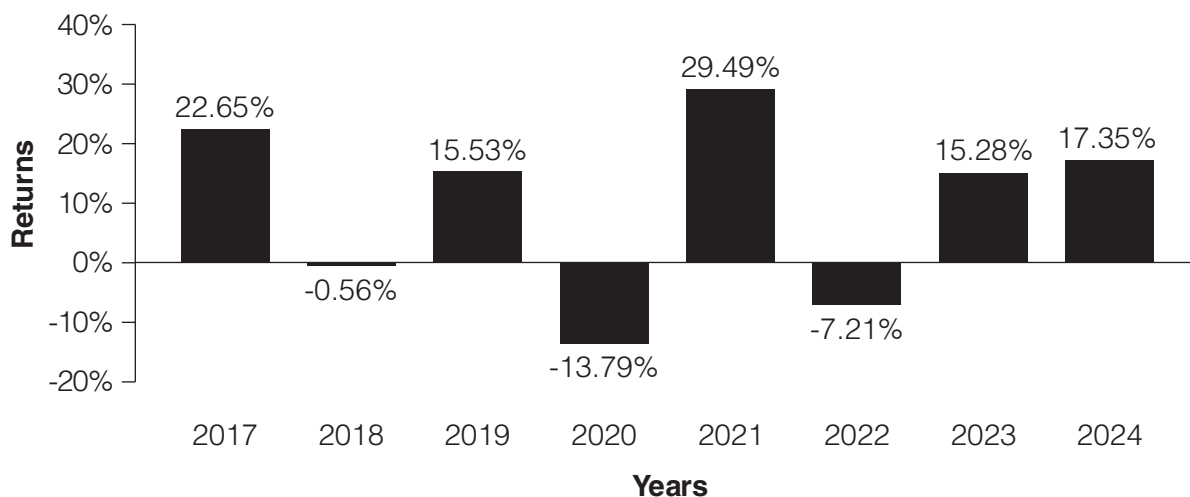
- **Counterparty Risk:** Swaps and certain other derivative contracts entered into by the Fund involve exposure to counterparty credit risk, since contract performance depends in part on the financial condition of the counterparty. Relying on a counterparty exposes the Fund to the risk that a counterparty will not settle a transaction in accordance with its terms and conditions because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of a credit or liquidity problem, thus causing the Fund to suffer a loss. If a counterparty defaults on its payment obligations to the Fund, this default will cause the value of an investment in the Fund to decrease. In addition, to the extent the Fund deals with a limited number of counterparties, it will be more susceptible to the credit risks associated with those counterparties. The Fund is neither restricted from dealing with any particular counterparty nor from concentrating any or all of its transactions with one counterparty. The ability of the Fund to transact business with any one or number of counterparties and the absence of a regulated market to facilitate settlement may increase the potential for losses by the Fund.
- **Short Sale Risk:** Short selling a security involves selling a borrowed security with the expectation that the value of that security will decline so that the security may be purchased at a lower price when returning the borrowed security. The risk for loss on short selling is greater than the original value of the securities sold short because the price of the borrowed security may rise, thereby increasing the price at which the security must be purchased. Any such loss is increased by the amount of premium or interest the Fund must pay to the lender of the security. Likewise, any gain will be decreased by the amount of premium or interest the Fund must pay to the lender of the security. Although the Fund's gain is limited to the price at which it sold the security short, its potential loss is limited only by the maximum attainable price of the security, less the price at which the security was sold and may, theoretically, be unlimited. Government actions also may affect the Fund's ability to engage in short selling. In addition, the Fund may be subject to expenses related to short sales that are not typically associated with investing in securities directly, such as costs of borrowing and margin account maintenance costs associated with the Fund's open short positions. These types of short sales expenses (sometimes referred to as the "negative cost of carry") negatively impact the performance of the Fund since these expenses tend to cause the Fund to lose money on a short sale even in instances where the price of the underlying security sold short does not change over the duration of the short sale. The Fund may not be able to borrow a security that it needs to deliver or it may not be able to close out a short position at an acceptable price and may have to sell long positions earlier than it had expected.
- **Leverage:** The Fund utilizes leverage in its investment program. The use of leverage allows the Fund to make additional investments, thereby increasing its exposure to assets, such that its total assets may be greater than its capital. However, leverage also magnifies the volatility of changes in the value of the Fund's portfolio. The effect of the use of leverage by the Fund in a market that moves adversely to its investments could result in substantial losses to the Fund, which would be greater than if the Fund were not leveraged.
- **Liquidity Risk:** The Fund is subject to liquidity risk primarily due to its investments in derivatives. Investments in less liquid or illiquid securities or derivative instruments involve the risk that the Fund may be unable to sell the security or derivative instrument or sell it at a reasonable price.
- **Database Errors:** The investment strategy used by the Adviser relies on proprietary databases and third-party data sources. Data entries made by the Adviser's team of financial analysts or third-parties may contain errors, as may the database system used to store such data. Any errors in the underlying data sources, data entry or database may result in the Fund acquiring or selling investments based on incorrect information. When data proves to be incorrect, misleading, flawed or incomplete, any decisions made in reliance thereon expose the Fund to potential risks. For example, by relying on such data the Adviser may be induced to buy or sell certain investments it would not have if the data was correct. As a result, the Fund could incur losses or miss out on gains on such investments before the errors are identified and corrected.
- **Systems Risk:** The Fund depends on the Adviser to develop and implement appropriate systems for its activities. The Adviser relies extensively on computer programs and systems to implement and monitor the Fund's investment strategy. The development, implementation and maintenance of these systems is complex and involves substantial research and modeling (which is then generally translated into computer code and manual

and automated processes) and the retrieval, filtering, processing, translation and analysis of large amounts of financial and other corporate data. As a result, there is a risk of human or technological errors affecting the portfolio construction process and order origination, including errors in programming (e.g., “bugs” and classic coding errors), modeling, design, translational errors and compatibility issues with data sets and among systems. Similarly, with regard to trading and other systems or equipment that the Adviser utilizes, any or all of the following events may occur: (i) failures or interruptions in access to or the operations of such systems or equipment; (ii) loss of functionality; (iii) corruption; (iv) compromises in security; (v) loss of power; and (vi) other situations that adversely affect such systems or equipment. There can be no guarantee that such defects or issues will be identified in time to avoid a material adverse effect on the Fund. For example, such failures could cause the Adviser to be induced to buy or sell certain investments it would not have if the failure had not occurred.

- **High Portfolio Turnover Risk:** The Fund may sell its securities, regardless of the length of time that they have been held, if the Adviser determines that it would be in the Fund's best interest to do so. The Fund frequently adjusts the size of its long and short positions. These transactions increase the Fund's “portfolio turnover” and the Fund will experience a high portfolio turnover rate (over 100%). High turnover rates generally result in higher brokerage costs, may have adverse tax consequences and therefore may reduce the Fund's returns. Frequent purchases and sales of portfolio securities may result in higher Fund expenses and may result in more significant distributions of short-term capital gains to investors, which are taxed as ordinary income.
- **OTC Trading Risk:** Certain of the derivatives in which the Fund invests, including swap agreements, may be traded (and privately negotiated) in the OTC market. Such derivative instruments are often highly customized. In addition, while the OTC derivatives market is the primary trading venue for many derivatives, it is largely unregulated and lacks transparency with respect to the terms of OTC transactions. If a derivative transaction is particularly large or if the relevant market is illiquid, it may not be possible to initiate a transaction or liquidate a position at an advantageous time or price.

## Performance Information

The bar chart and performance table shown below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the Fund's performance for the past eight calendar years and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for one year, five years and since inception periods compared with those of the S&P 500® Total Return Index, a broad measure of market performance. Performance reflects contractual fee waivers in effect. If fee waivers were not in place, performance would be reduced. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at [www.GothamFunds.com](http://www.GothamFunds.com) or by calling the Fund toll-free at (877) 974-6852.



During the periods shown in the chart:

Best Quarter	Worst Quarter
14.50%	(20.68)%
(December 31, 2021)	(March 31, 2020)



<b>Gotham Defensive Long 500 Fund Class I Shares Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended December 31, 2024</b>	<b>1 Year</b>	<b>5 Years</b>	<b>Since Inception (September 30, 2016)</b>
Class I Shares Return Before Taxes . . . . .	17.35%	6.98%	9.20%
Return After Taxes on Distributions <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	16.62%	6.70%	8.71%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	10.79%	5.41%	7.33%
S&P 500® Total Return Index (reflects no deductions for fees, expenses or taxes) <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	25.02%	14.53%	14.85%

<sup>1</sup> After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your tax situation and may differ from those shown and are not relevant if you hold your shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

<sup>2</sup> The S&P 500® Total Return Index is a widely recognized unmanaged index of 500 common stocks, which are generally representative of the U.S. stock market as a whole. The returns provided for the S&P 500® Total Return Index include the reinvestment of dividends.

## Management of the Fund

### Investment Adviser

Gotham Asset Management, LLC serves as the Fund's investment adviser.

### Portfolio Managers

- **Joel Greenblatt** is a Managing Principal and Co-Chief Investment Officer of Gotham and has been a Portfolio Manager to the Fund since its inception in 2016.
- **Robert Goldstein** is a Managing Principal and Co-Chief Investment Officer of Gotham and has been a Portfolio Manager to the Fund since its inception in 2016.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Shares of the Fund may be purchased and sold (redeemed) on any business day when the New York Stock Exchange (the "Exchange") is open for regular trading. Such purchases and redemptions can be made through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary or directly with the Fund by sending a completed application to the addresses below. **For applications and more information call Shareholder Services toll-free at (877) 974-6852 ("Shareholder Services").**

### Regular Mail:

Gotham Funds  
FundVantage Trust  
c/o BNY Mellon Investment Servicing  
P.O. Box 534445  
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4445

### Overnight Mail:

Gotham Funds  
FundVantage Trust  
c/o BNY Mellon Investment Servicing  
Attention: 534445  
500 Ross Street, 154-0520  
Pittsburgh, PA 15262  
(877) 974-6852

## Purchase by Wire for Accounts Held Directly with the Fund

Please contact Shareholder Services toll-free at (877) 974-6852 for current wire instructions.

## Minimum Investment Requirements

The minimum initial investment for shares is \$25,000 and the minimum for each subsequent investment is \$250.

## Redemption by Telephone for Accounts Held Directly with the Fund

Call Shareholder Services toll-free at (877) 974-6852.



## **Purchases and Redemptions for Accounts Held through a Financial Intermediary**

Contact your financial intermediary.

## **Tax Information**

The Fund intends to make distributions that may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains. Such distributions are not currently taxable when shares are held through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. However, subsequent withdrawals from any tax-deferred account in which the shares are held may be subject to federal income tax. All prospective investors and shareholders are urged and advised to consult their own tax adviser regarding the effects of an investment in a Fund on their particular tax situation.

## **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. In addition, if you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer, you may be required to pay a commission to your broker depending on your arrangements with them. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information or visit [www.GothamFunds.com](http://www.GothamFunds.com).

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